# WHAT IS Worker-driven Social Responsibility?

#### **The Problem**

Corporations consolidating power and control Suppliers increasingly squeezed in supply chains Working people without effective protections Lack of effective enforcement, remedy for abuses Human rights abuses are treated as a PR problem

### **Our Solution**

Workers' organizations lead programs meant to benefit them
Brands sign legally binding, enforceable agreements
Corporations fund needed improvements
Suppliers face timely consequences when rights are violated
Workers know their rights & are supported by independent audits
Workers see concrete, measurable change in their workplaces

### Worker-driven Social Responsibility recognizes that:

- Low pay, dangerous conditions, & human rights abuses are systemic problems
- Global supply chains incentivize a race to the bottom for wages & working conditions
- Government enforcement bodies are often under-resourced
- Millions of workers are excluded from union protections, including U.S. farmworkers
- Workers are rights-holders, not just another stakeholder in a program
- Organized workers are the best defenders of their own rights

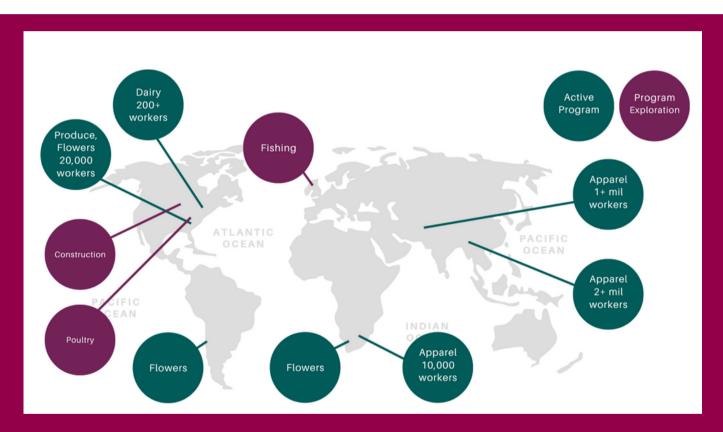
Worker-driven Social Responsibility puts workers at the center of creating & enforcing programs to protect their own rights.

Corporate Social Responsibility puts corporate reputations at the center when the consequences of their purchasing practices come to light.

# Worker-driven WORKS Social Responsibility

#### A decade-long record of addressing entrenched human rights abuses:

- The Coalition of Immokalee Workers' **Fair Food Program** preventing forced labor on participating farms in the U.S. and Chile.
- The International Safety Accord ensuring workplace safety for millions of garment workers in Bangladesh,
   now expanding globally as the International Accord for Health and Safety in the Textile and Garment Industry.
- The Milk with Dignity program improving working conditions for dairy farmworkers in the Northeastern US.
- The Gender Justice in Lesotho Apparel agreement focused on addressing gender-based violence faced by people in garment manufacturing.



Every Worker-Driven Social Responsibility program is based on SIX PRINCIPLES Labor Rights Initiatives Must Be Worker-Driven

Obligations for Global Corporations Must Be Binding and Enforceable

Buyers Must Afford Suppliers the Financial Incentive and Capacity to Comply

WITHOUT THESE, IT'S NOT WORKER-DRIVEN SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY!

Consequences for Non-Compliant Suppliers Must Be Mandatory

Gains for Workers Must be Measurable and Timely

Verification of Workplace Compliance Must Be Rigorous and Independent

# SUCCESS backed by research



Worker-Driven Social Responsibility model is displacing MSIs as the "gold standard" for protecting human rights, concludes the decade-long longitudinal study of Multi-Stakeholder Initiatives (MSIs), including third party certifications and other Corporate Social Responsibility programs published by Harvard Law Clinic's MSI Integrity Institute in their report Not Fit for Purpose.

Worker-driven Social Responsibility is noted as a model for companies to meet UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) 8 (Decent work and Economic Growth) and 10 (Reduced Inequalities). "In particular, SDG-aligned companies participate in and support worker-driven monitoring initiatives, such as the Fair Food Program" – Columbia University Center on Sustainable Investment, <u>Handbook for SDG-Aligned Food Companies</u>.





"In summary, **WSR models** overcome the shortcomings of alternative approaches in **protecting workers' basic dignity and human rights to fair working conditions, health, and safety**." – <u>statement</u> from leading U.S. Human Rights organizations, including the American Civil Liberties Union, Human Rights Watch, and the Columbia Law School Human Rights Clinic.

"Corporations should join and collaborate towards developing worker-driven social responsibility programs" finds research from ReStructure Lab, a collaboration of leading human rights researchers from Stanford, Yale, and other universities. The report Social Auditing and Ethical Certification further notes that, "social auditing and ethical certification systems have been found to sideline workers, unions, and local communities, providing unclear benefits for suppliers and producers while increasing their costs in order to comply ...Ultimately, [social auditing and ethical certification systems] create an illusion of progress that fuels complacency and displaces effective solutions to address forced labour in supply chains."





The Fair Food Program (FFP) was dubbed **an "international benchmark**" to address human trafficking by the <u>UN Special Rapporteur on Human Trafficking</u>.

## LEARN MORE: WSR-Network.org